

# CELSTRAN<sup>®</sup> CFR-TP PA66 GF60-02 CELSTRAN® CFR-TP

Celstran® CFR-TP PA66 GF60-02 is a 60% E-glass by weight polyamide 66 (nylon 66) continuous fiber (uni-directional) reinforced thermoplastic composite tape. This material exhibits a high strength-to-weight ratio, excellent toughness and impact resistance. It is well suited for industrial, automotive and sporting goods applications where weight, strength and toughness are critical, as well as higher thermal resistance of PA66 versus other nylon materials. This material is available in natural and black colors. Alternate tape widths and thicknesses may be available.

#### Product information Fiber volume content 40.2 % ISO 11667 Tape thickness 0.3 mm ISO 16012 Tape width 305 mm ISO 16012 Tape areal weight 485 g/m<sup>2</sup> Fiber areal weight 291 g/m<sup>2</sup> Typical mechanical properties Tensile modulus, Tape 0° 33400 MPa ASTM D 3039 M Tensile strength, Tape 0° 759 MPa ASTM D 3039 M Tensile strain at failure, Tape 0° 2.48 % ASTM D 3039 M Flexural modulus, Tape 0° 32000 MPa ASTM D 790 Flexural strength, Tape 0° 791 MPa ASTM D 790 Flexural strain at failure, Tape 0° 3.32 % **ASTM D 790** Thermal properties 260 °C Melting temperature, 10°C/min ISO 11357-1/-3 50 °C Glass transition temperature, 10°C/min ISO 11357-1/-3 Physical/Other properties Density 1730 kg/m<sup>3</sup> ISO 1183 Injection **Drying Recommended** yes **Drying Temperature** 80 °C Drying Time, Dehumidified Dryer 2-4 h **Processing Moisture Content** ≤0.2 % Melt Temperature Optimum 295 °C 285 °C Min. melt temperature 305 °C Max. melt temperature Screw tangential speed ≤0.2 m/s 100 °C Mold Temperature Optimum Min. mould temperature 70 °C Max. mould temperature 120 °C Hold pressure range 50 - 100 MPa

#### Characteristics

Processing

Delivery form

Injection Moulding, Thermoforming, Compression moulding, Selective reinforcement Tape

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#### Additional information

Compression molding

#### Processing

### Celstran® CFR-TP Tape Laminate Processing Guidelines

Celstran® CFR-TP can be molded using a heated platen compression molding press. A hardened steel, aluminum or flexible tooling can be used depending on the application. The tool should be treated with a mold release prior to molding.

#### The molding cycle consists of the following steps:

 The platens should be heated above the polymer matrix melt temperature.
The individual lamina should be constructed and placed in the tool to achieve the desired laminate reinforcement orientation.

3. The tool is placed between the platens and the platens are closed to achieve a contact pressure on the tool less than 30 psi (2 bar).

4. The tool is allowed to rise in temperature until stabilizing at the initial temperature the platens were set to.

5. The pressure is increased to the desired amount and held for a recommended time.

6. Air and/or water cooling is initiated until the material reaches a temperature sufficiently below the melt and peak crystallization temperatures wherein the pressure is reduced to a contact pressure less than 15 psi (1 bar).

7. The tool is continually cooled until reaching a temperature, typically at or below the glass transition point, at which the pressure is completely removed and the part de-molded from the tool. It should be noted that the choice of tooling, geometry and heating/cooling mechanisms will greatly dictate processing conditions, and thus, optimization specific to the individual molders' capabilities is necessary. Additionally, the resin is what dictates the molding temperatures, whereas the sample thickness is what determines the time. As the thickness increases, the time at melt should also increase to account for the time for heat to conduct to the center of the laminate.

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Resin: PA66 Drying Time: 2 hours Drying Temperature: 180°F, 82°C Platen Temperature: 585°F, 307°C Press Pressure: 84 psi, 5.8 bar Time at Melt: 5 min Cooling Rate: 15-30°F/min, 8-17°C/min Material Removal Temperature: 125°F, 52°C

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